EXTREME SLOPE STABILISATION WITH VETIVER SYSTEM (Front Cover) Paul Truong TVNI Technical Director



EXTREME SLOPE STABILISATION WITH VETIVER SYSTEM



Paul Truong TVNI Technical Director www.vetiver.org

INTRODUCTION

The important role of Vetiver System Technology in

Bioengineering has been well established. It has also been observed that Vetiver is very effective in stabilising extreme slopes.

This booklet will explain/demonstrate how Geotropism (also known as Gravitropism) plays an important role in this stabilisation process.

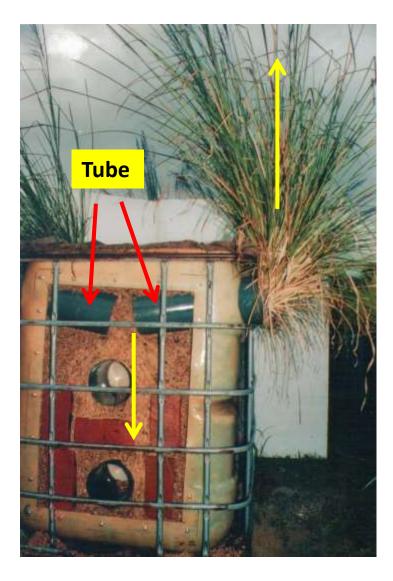
Geotropism is a growth movement by plants in response to gravity . Charles Darwin was one of the first to scientifically documented that:

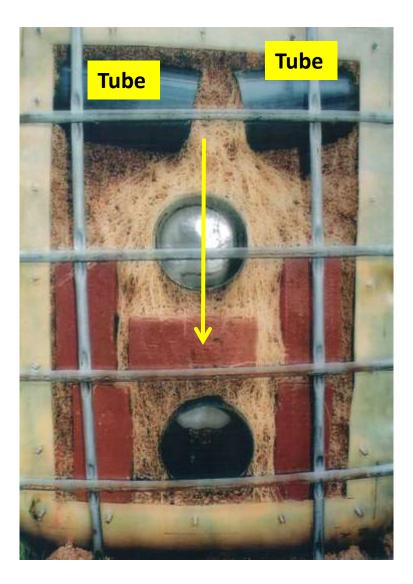
- Plant roots have Positive Geotropism: roots always grow down
- Plant shoots have Negative Geotropism: shoots always grow up

In a series of trials, Dr. P K Yoon of Malaysia, a founding Director of The Vetiver Network International (TVNI), clearly showed geotropism strongly affected vetiver growth and development

Vetiver Geotropism Research Conducted by Dr. PK Yoon

Vetiver was planted almost horizontally through these tube. While the roots grow down and the shoots grow upwards







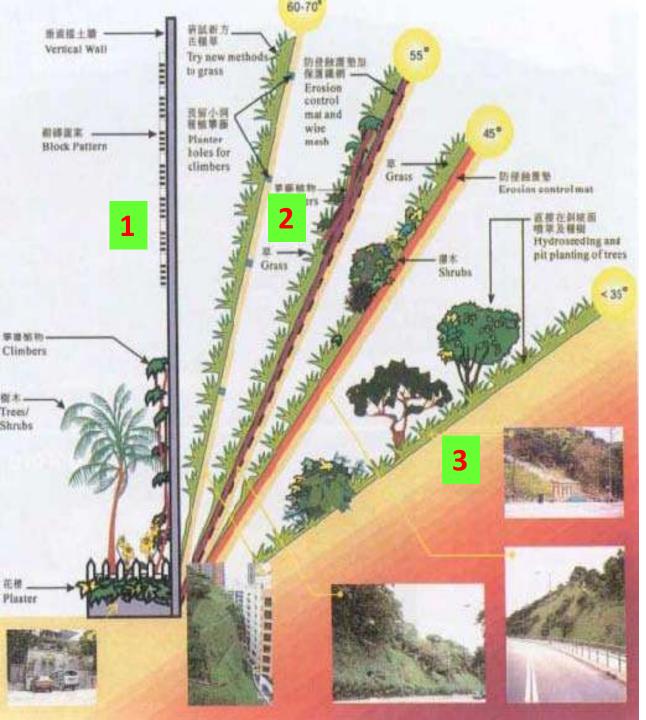
PC PK Yoon

The combination of Vetiver extensive roots and its positive geotropism creates a solid and stable protective cover on soil surface below the plant when it is planted on extreme slopes



These pots fell on its side in the nursery. Note the roots on the bottom of the pot grew out the hole and downward, those roots that cannot get through the holes forced its way sideward and down

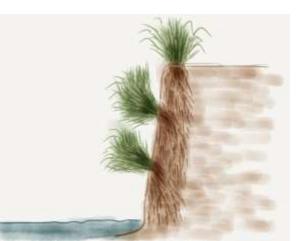




Options for Slope Protection:

- **1.** Hard structures
- 2. Combination of hard and soft bioengineering including geofabrics

3. Bioengineering alone including geofabrics on erodible soil



Asep Sunandar and Nanny Kusminingrum Indonesian Institute of Road Engineering (IRE) conducted a series of experiments with slopes ranging from 30o to 80o

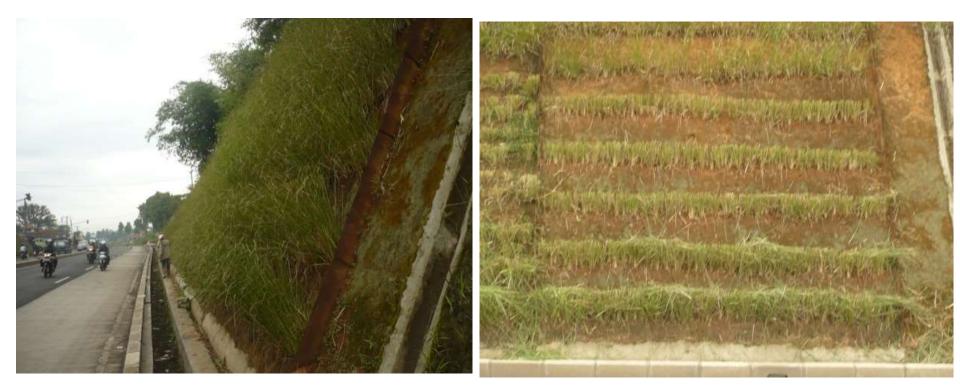
Soil Type: Silty Clay Loam , Stability Index: Unstable, 3 Month Old, West Java



Soil Type: Dusty Clay, Stability Index: Unstable, 3 Month Old, West Java



Soil Type: Clay Loam , Stability Index: Stable, 4 Month Old, Nagreg West Java



Slope 80°, Age: 4 months Before trimming Slope 80°, Age: 4 months After trimming

PC P Truong

Indonesian Institute of Road Engineering (IRE)

Trial comparing 3 Vetiver planting densities, Bahia grass and bare slope at Nagreg West Java





Vetiver planted at 3 densities

No. of the second second

CP. Now Comments

PC P Truong

PC P Truong

Very steep, 80° slope on highly erodible red volcanic soil



Small Scale Laboratory Experiments At Indonesian Institute of Road Engineering (IRE) Asep Sunandar and Nanny Kusminingrum

CONCLUSION

- Vetiver system can be used effectively to control surface erosion and shallow failure of road slope
- Vetiver system can be used effectively at slope between 30° – 60°
- Vetiver system could be applied by road authorities to cope with erosion and shallow failure of road slope
- At road slope >60°, vetiver technology is not recommended to be applied solely (must combined with geotextiles and/or mechanical methods)

Based on the above technical data, vetiver system has been used very effectively in stabilising extreme and highly erodible slopes around the world

The following photos show successful applications of VS on extreme slopes:

- Without Geofabrics and No Hard Structure
 - With Geofabrics
 - With Hard Structures

Without Geofabrics: AUSTRALIA, Brisbane

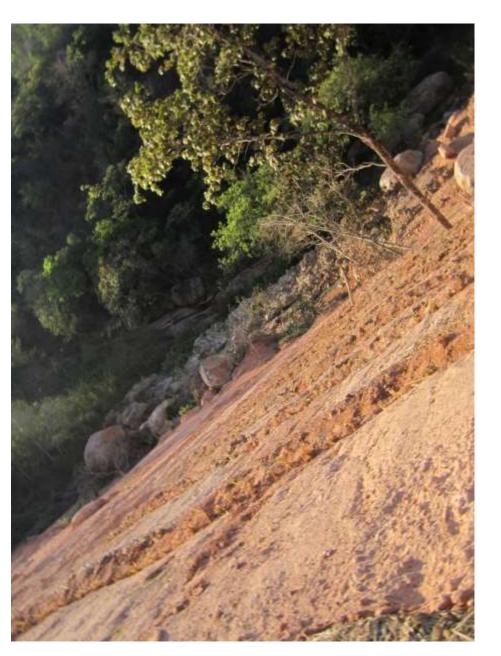
This is a very steep sandy riverbank, holes were made with special tools





PC PL Pereira

Without Geofabrics : BRAZIL Road Batters







Without Geofabrics : CHINA Zhejiang Province

National Highway 330 on slope area of 10 600m2 to prevent landslides



Without Geofabrics : COLOMBIA Road Batters









Without Geofabrics COLOMBIA Construction site



Without Geofabrics COLOMBIA Construction site



Without Geofabrics COLOMBIA Construction site



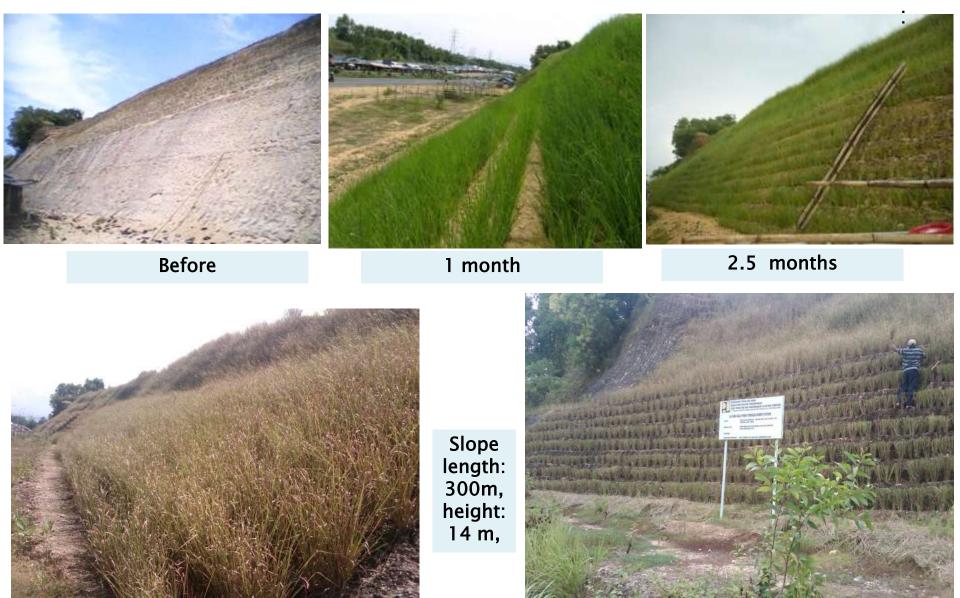
Without Geofabrics : HONGKONG Road Batters





PC A Sunandar

Without Geofabrics : INDONESIA East Java



Regular trimmings after 4 month⁵

4 months

PC D Booth

Without Geofabrics : INDONESIA Bali



Steep land before planting Vetiver



Planting vetiver using long ladders



Vetiver growth after 1 month



4 months after planting

PC D Booth

Without Geofabrics : INDONESIA Bali



Without Geofabrics : INDIA Assam, Doria Bridge



PC Y Coppin

Without Geofabrics : MADAGASCAR Lavaka















Without Geofabrics : MADAGASCAR Railway Batters





MADAGASCAR: Railway between Tananarive and Tamatave

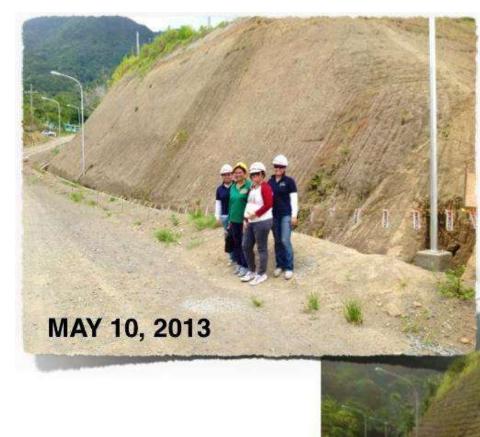
LILLO PROJECTION PROVIDED IN

25.000 Vetiver were planted in August 2013, total 2.500m in length, with a spacing of 0.60m between the rows.

Without Geofabrics : PHILIPPINES Central Luzon Highway

PC N Manarang





MAIBARARA GEOTHERMAL POWERPLANT Sto. Tomas Batangas, Philippines

- 10 Vetiver plants per linear meter
- .5 meter distance between rows (10 meters from the top)
- 1.5 meter distance between rows (lower part of slope)
- "ornamental peanut plants" planted in between rows
 PC N Manarang

EROSION CONTROL AND REVEGETATION ON CUT SLOPE

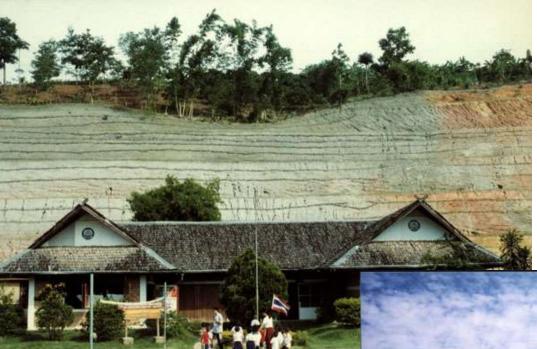


MAY 31, 2013

Without Geofabrics : THAILAND Central Highlands



Without Geofabrics : THAILAND Chiang Rai



Landslide: Before and After

PC U Charanasri





PC U Charanasri

Landslide: Before and After

Without Geofabrics : USA, Hawaii Island







Without Geofabrics : VENEZUELA Road Batters



PC R Luque

Without Geofabrics : VENEZUELA Landslide

PC R Luque



Without Geofabrics : VIETNAM Ho Chi Minh Highway









Ho Chi Minh Highway – Central Vietnam



Vetiver rows

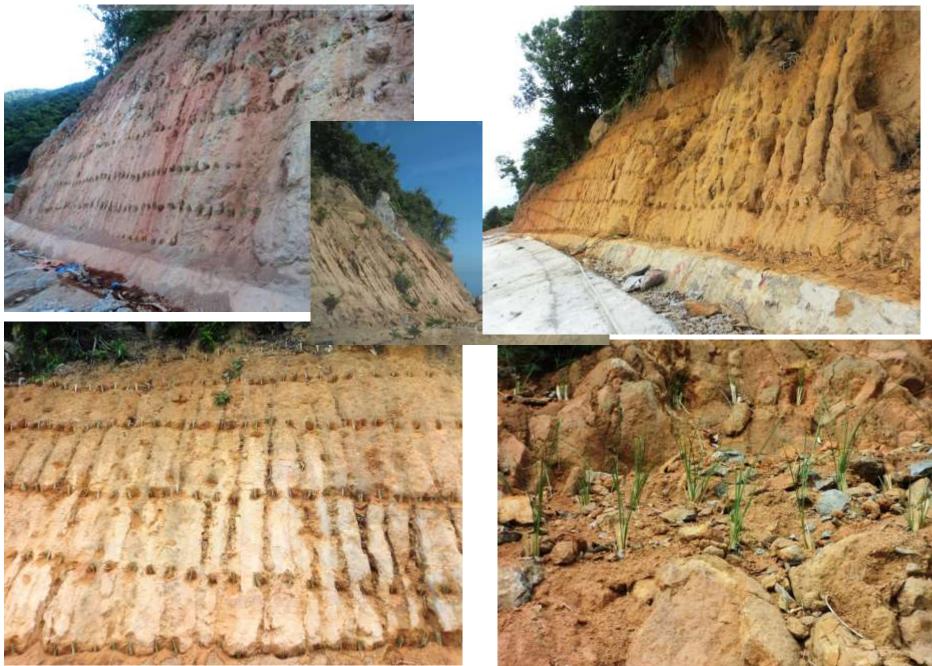
No Vetiver



Ho Chi Minh Highway Central Vietnam

Without Geofabrics : VIETNAM Da Nang

PC M Tran



With Geofabrics : AUSTRALIA Brisbane



Highly erodible sandy soil with gradient up to 50o at some sections





PC P Truong

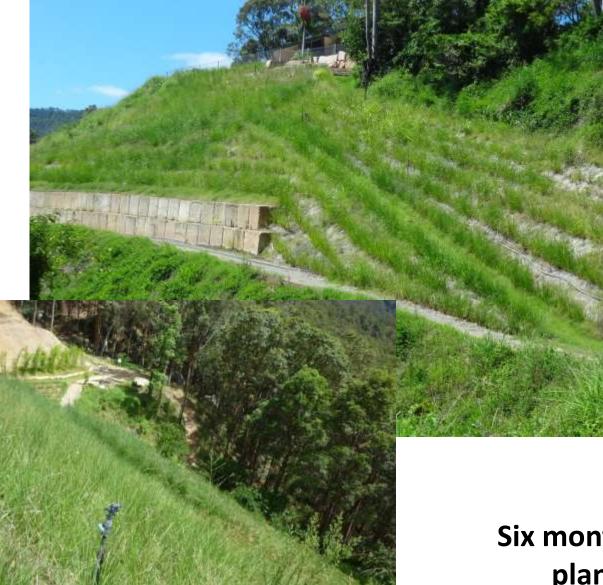




Vetiver planting







Six months after planting

PC P Truong

With Geofabrics : BRAZIL Road Batters

PC PL Pereira





With Geofabrics : GUATEMALA: Batters on 72 degree slope using 3D geofabrics PCL Castro







Batters on 72 degree slope with geofabrics

May 2012

June 2012





Very steep Batters with geofabrics



With Geofabrics : GUINEA (West Africa): Road Batters





With Geofabrics: DCR CONGO Road Batters

PC R Noffke

On 60°-70° vertical slope using Green TerraMesh walls at Selembao Kinshasa.



With Sand Bags: BRAZAVILLE CONGO Urban ravine rehabilitation

PC A Ndona

Sand Bags Bags can be filled with sand, soil and fertilizer or a mixture of sand and soil where local soil is poor or rocky.

BRAZZAVILLE CONGO

Vetiver is planted into the bags with soil and fertilizers



BRAZZAVILLE CONGO

Excellent Vetiver growth and ravine stabilized

With Eco-Mortar: COLOMBIA Road Batters





Eco Mortar

Is a weak shotcrete,(a mixture of cement, soil and fiber). Eco Mortar was developed and used extensive in Colombia by MECETA.





COLOMBIA: Road Batters



COLOMBIA: Landslide

PC J Londono

Completely cover the whole slope with vetiver plants



COLOMBIA: Landslide





PC J Londono



COLOMBIA

Excellent establishment due to erosion control, moisture and fertilizer retention of Ecomortar

PC J Londono

With Soil Nails: COLOMBIA: Medellin





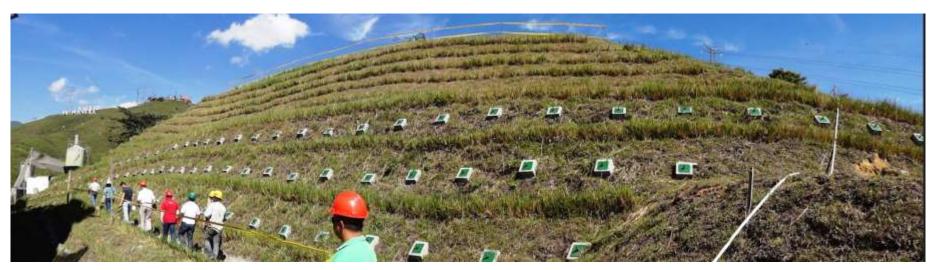
PC D Londono







With Soil Nails: COLOMBIA: Medellin



Ten months after planting





PC P Truong





With Soil Nails: VIETNAM Da Nang







PC V Nguyen

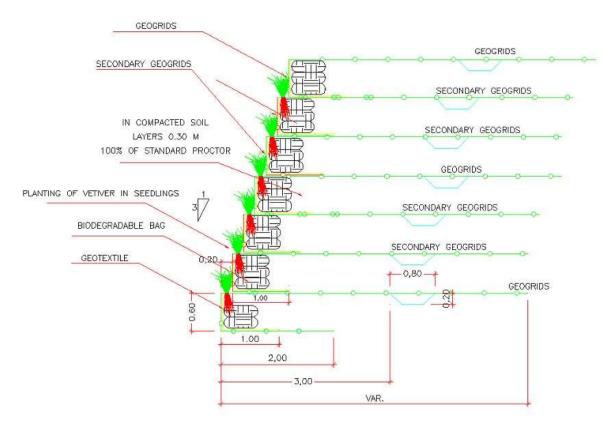




With Geogrids: BRAZIL Sao Paolo

This is the work performed on in an environmental protected area with approximately 1100 m² of front and 25 meters tall.

The technique consists the formation of containment systems using geogrids, soil and Vetiver. The roots of vetiver play a fundamental role for the success of the wall, because its depth and its generous amount of root aggregated to the soil. This very deep roots' system, and rapid growth also makes vetiver very drought tolerant and highly suitable for stabilizing the wall.





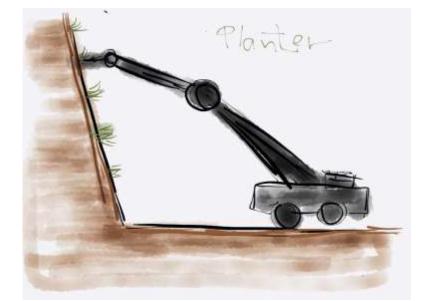


Some Instruments Used on these Extreme Slopes

This Australian "Hole puncher" is mounted on a backhoe to make holes for vetiver planting on the steep wall







Ladder, Portable Drill and Strong Hands in GUINEA (West Africa) PC R Noffke



